

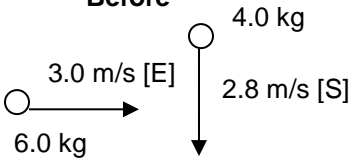
**Physics 30 - Lesson 2**  
**Two Dimensional Momentum**

/48

**Practice problems**

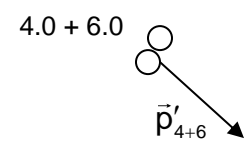
1.

**Before**



4.0 kg  
2.8 m/s [S]  
6.0 kg  
3.0 m/s [E]

**After**

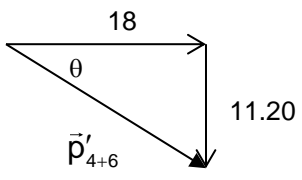


4.0 + 6.0  
 $\vec{p}'_{4+6}$

$\vec{p}_6 = 6.0\text{kg}(3.0\text{m/s})[\text{E}]$   
 $\vec{p}_6 = 18\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}[\text{E}]$   
 $\vec{p}_4 = 4.0\text{kg}(2.8\text{m/s})[\text{S}]$   
 $\vec{p}_4 = 11.2\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}[\text{S}]$

$\sum \vec{p} = \sum \vec{p}'$

$\vec{p}_6 + \vec{p}_4 = \vec{p}'_{4+6}$



18  
 $\theta$   
 $\vec{p}'_{4+6}$   
11.20

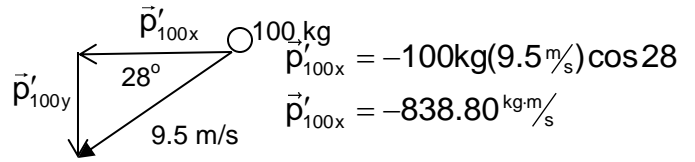
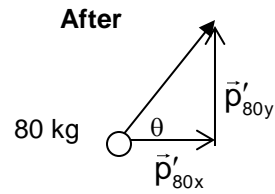
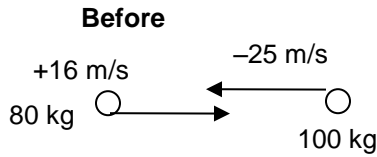
$|\vec{p}'_{4+6}| = \sqrt{18^2 + 11.2^2} = 21.2\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$

$|\vec{v}'_{4+6}| = \frac{21.2\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}}{6.0\text{kg} + 4.0\text{kg}} = 2.12\text{m/s}$

$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{11.2}{18}\right) = 32^\circ \text{ Sof E}$

$\vec{v}'_{4+6} = 2.1\text{m/s} @ 32^\circ \text{ Sof E}$

2.



$$\sum \vec{p}_x = \sum \vec{p}'_x$$

$$\vec{p}_{80x} + \vec{p}_{100x} = \vec{p}'_{80x} + \vec{p}'_{100x}$$

$$80\text{kg}(+16\text{ m/s}) + 100\text{kg}(-25\text{ m/s}) = \vec{p}'_{80x} + (-838.80\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s})$$

$$+1280\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s} - 2500\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s} = \vec{p}'_{80x} - 838.80\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

$$\vec{p}'_{80x} = -61.20\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

$$\vec{p}'_{100y} = -100\text{kg}(9.5\text{ m/s})\sin 28$$

$$\vec{p}'_{100y} = -446.0\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

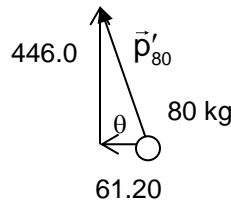
$$|\vec{p}'_{80}| = \sqrt{61.20^2 + 446.0^2} = 450.18\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

$$\sum \vec{p}_y = \sum \vec{p}'_y$$

$$0 = \vec{p}'_{80y} + \vec{p}'_{100y}$$

$$0 = \vec{p}'_{80y} + (-446.0\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s})$$

$$\vec{p}'_{80y} = +446.0\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$



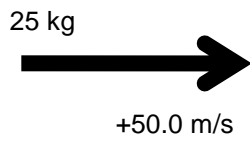
$$|\vec{v}'_{80}| = \frac{450.18\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}}{80\text{kg}} = 5.6\text{ m/s}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{446.0}{61.20}\right) = 82^\circ \text{ N of W}$$

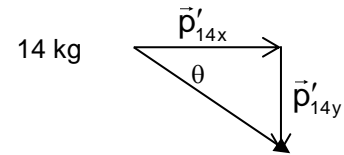
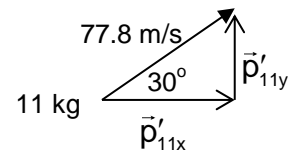
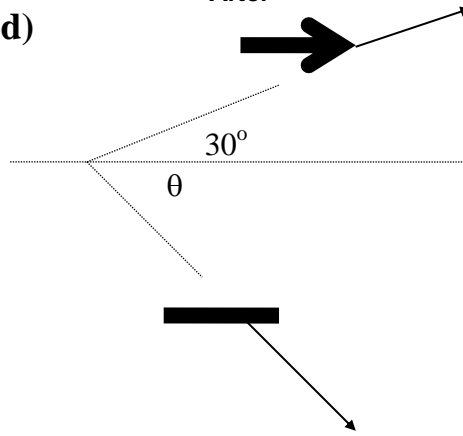
$$\boxed{\vec{v}'_{80} = 5.6\text{ m/s} @ 82^\circ \text{ N of W}}$$

### 3. (component method)

Before



After



$$\vec{p}'_{11x} = +11\text{kg}(77.8\text{m/s})\cos 30$$

$$\vec{p}'_{11x} = +741.14\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

$$\vec{p}'_{11y} = +11\text{kg}(77.8\text{m/s})\sin 30$$

$$\vec{p}'_{11y} = +427.9\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

$$\sum \vec{p}_x = \sum \vec{p}'_x$$

$$\vec{p}_{25x} = \vec{p}'_{11x} + \vec{p}'_{14x}$$

$$50\text{kg}(+25.0\text{m/s}) = +741.14\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s} + \vec{p}'_{14x}$$

$$\vec{p}'_{14x} = +1250\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s} - 741.14\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

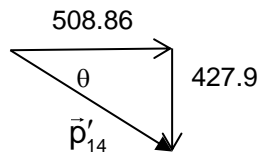
$$\vec{p}'_{14x} = +508.86\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

$$\sum \vec{p}_y = \sum \vec{p}'_y$$

$$0 = \vec{p}'_{11y} + \vec{p}'_{14y}$$

$$0 = +427.9\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s} + \vec{p}'_{14y}$$

$$\vec{p}'_{14y} = -427.9\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$



$$|\vec{p}'_{14}| = \sqrt{508.86^2 + 427.9^2} = 664.86\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

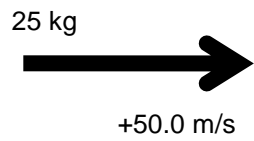
$$|\vec{v}'_{14}| = \frac{664.86\text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}}{14\text{kg}} = 47.5\text{m/s}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{427.9}{508.86}\right) = 40.1^\circ \text{ Sof E}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{v}'_{14} = 47.5\text{m/s} @ 40.1^\circ \text{ Sof E}}$$

### 3. (vector addition method)

Before



$$|\vec{p}_{25}| = 25\text{kg}(50.0\text{m/s})$$

$$|\vec{p}_{25}| = 1250\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

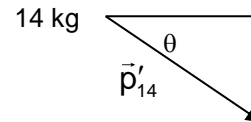
After



$$|\vec{p}'_{11}| = 11\text{kg}(77.8\text{m/s})$$

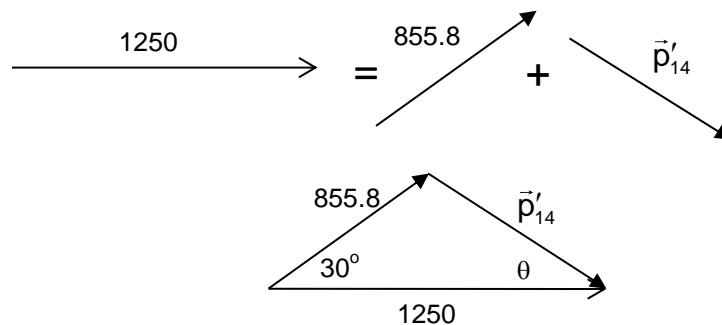
$$|\vec{p}'_{11}| = 855.8\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

11 kg



$$\sum \vec{p} = \sum \vec{p}'$$

$$\vec{p}_{25} = \vec{p}'_{11} + \vec{p}'_{14}$$



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab\cos C$$

$$|\vec{p}'_{14}| = \sqrt{1250^2 + 855.8^2 - 2(1250)(855.8)\cos 30}$$

$$|\vec{p}'_{14}| = 664.86\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{855.8} = \frac{\sin 30}{664.86}$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{855.8 \sin 30}{664.86}\right)$$

$$\theta = 40.1^\circ$$

$$|\vec{v}'_{14}| = \frac{664.86\text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}}{14\text{ kg}} = 47.5\text{ m/s}$$

$$\vec{v}'_{14} = 47.5\text{ m/s} @ 40.1^\circ \text{ S of E}$$

## Assignment

1)

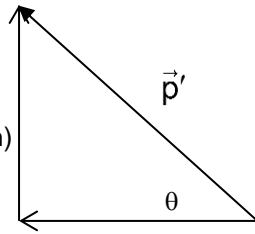
/6

$$\sum \vec{p}' = \sum \vec{p}$$

$$\vec{p}' = \vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2$$

$$\vec{p}_2 = 2.0 \times 10^3 \text{ kg}(35.0 \text{ km/h})$$

$$\vec{p}_2 = 70000 \text{ kg km/h}$$



$$\vec{p}_1 = 1.4 \times 10^3 \text{ kg}(37.0 \text{ km/h})$$

$$\vec{p}_1 = 51800 \text{ kg km/h}$$

$$\vec{p}' = \sqrt{70000^2 + 51800^2}$$

$$\vec{p}' = 87082 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{km} / \text{h}$$

$$\vec{v}' = \frac{\vec{p}'}{m} = \frac{87082 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{km} / \text{h}}{(1400 + 2000 \text{ kg})}$$

$$\vec{v}' = 25.6 \text{ km} / \text{h}$$

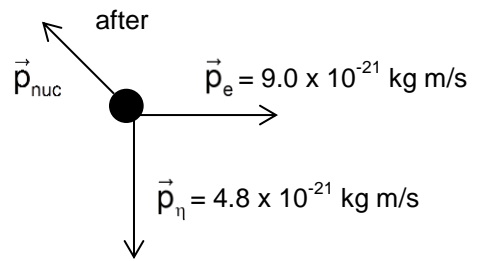
$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{70000}{51800} \right) = 53.5^\circ \text{ N of W}$$

$$\vec{v}' = 25.6 \text{ km} / \text{h} @ 53.5^\circ \text{ N of W}$$

The initial momentum of the nucleus is zero, therefore the final momentum vectors of all the particles will also add up to zero.

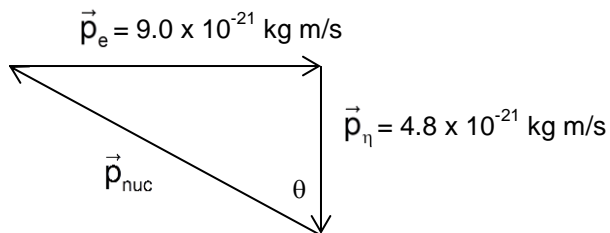
2)  
/6

before

$$\sum \vec{p} = \sum \vec{p}'$$

$$0 = \vec{p}_e + \vec{p}_{\text{ni}} + \vec{p}_{\text{nuc}}$$



A.

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{9.0 \times 10^{-21}}{4.8 \times 10^{-21}} \right)$$

$$\theta = \mathbf{62^\circ \text{ W of N}}$$

B.

$$p_{\text{nuc}} = \sqrt{(9.0 \times 10^{-21})^2 + (4.8 \times 10^{-21})^2}$$

$$p_{\text{nuc}} = \mathbf{1.0 \times 10^{-20} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}$$

C.

$$v_{\text{nuc}} = \frac{p_{\text{nuc}}}{m_{\text{nuc}}} = \frac{1.0 \times 10^{-20} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}{3.6 \times 10^{-25} \text{ kg}}$$

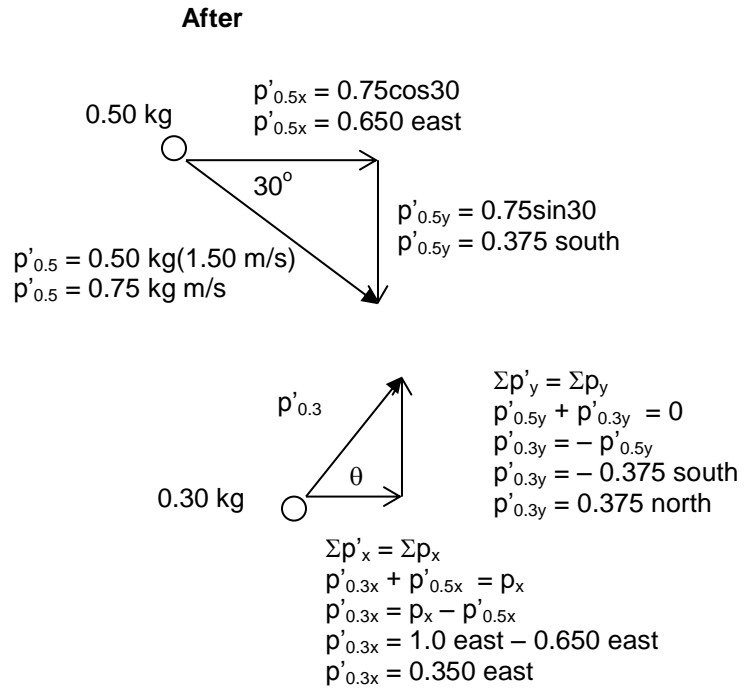
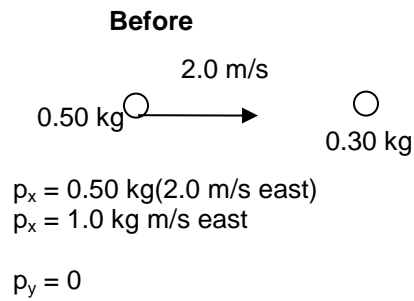
$$v_{\text{nuc}} = \mathbf{2.8 \times 10^4 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$\vec{v}_{\text{nuc}} = \mathbf{2.8 \times 10^4 \text{ m/s @ } 62^\circ \text{ W of N}}$$

3)

**Component method**

/6



$$p'_{0.3} = \sqrt{0.350^2 + 0.375^2}$$

$$p'_{0.3} = 0.513 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

$$v'_{0.3} = \frac{\vec{p}'_{0.3}}{m_{0.3}} = \frac{0.513 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}{0.30 \text{ kg}}$$

$$v'_{0.3} = 1.7 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{0.375}{0.350}\right) = 47^\circ \text{ N of E}$$

$$\vec{v}'_{0.3} = 1.7 \text{ m/s @ } 47^\circ \text{ N of E}$$

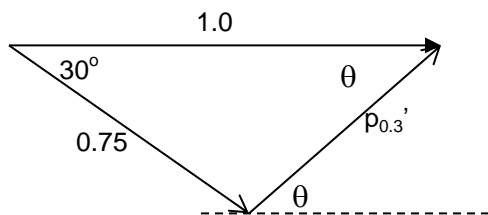
3) **Vector addition method**

$$\vec{p}_{0.5} = 0.50\text{kg}(2.0\text{m/s}) \quad \vec{p}'_{0.5} = 0.50\text{kg}(1.50\text{m/s})$$

$$\vec{p}_{0.5} = 1.0\text{kgm/s east} \quad \vec{p}'_{0.5} = 0.75\text{kgm/s @ } 30^\circ \text{ S of E}$$

$$\Sigma \vec{p} = \Sigma \vec{p}'$$

$$\vec{p}_{0.5} = \vec{p}'_{0.5} = +\vec{p}'_{0.3}$$



$$p'_{0.3} = \sqrt{1.0^2 + 0.75^2 - 2(1.0)(0.75)(\cos 30)}$$

$$p'_{0.3} = 0.513\text{kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

$$v'_{0.3} = \frac{0.513\text{kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}{0.30\text{kg}}$$

$$v'_{0.3} = 1.7\text{m/s}$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{0.75} = \frac{\sin 30}{0.513}$$

$$\theta = 47^\circ$$

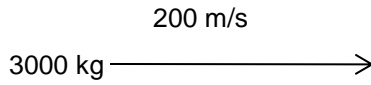
$$\vec{v}'_{0.3} = 1.7\text{m/s @ } 47^\circ \text{ S of E}$$



4)

/6

**Before**

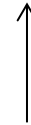


$$p_x = 3000 \text{ kg}(200 \text{ m/s east})$$

$$p_x = 6.0 \times 10^5 \text{ kg m/s east}$$

$$p_y = 0$$

**After**



$$p'_{25y} = 25 \text{ kg}(2000 \text{ m/s north})$$

$$p'_{25y} = 50000 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s north}$$

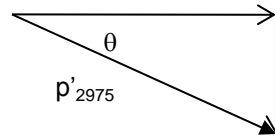
$$\Sigma p'_x = \Sigma p_x$$

$$p'_{29750x} + p'_{25x} = p_x$$

$$p'_{2975x} = p_x - p'_{25x}$$

$$p'_{2975x} = 6.0 \times 10^5 \text{ east} - 0$$

$$p'_{2975x} = 6.0 \times 10^5 \text{ east}$$



$$\Sigma p'_y = \Sigma p_y$$

$$p'_{2975y} + p'_{25y} = 0$$

$$p'_{2975y} = -p'_{25y}$$

$$p'_{2975y} = -50000 \text{ north}$$

$$p'_{2975y} = 50000 \text{ south}$$

$$p'_{2975} = \sqrt{(6.0 \times 10^5)^2 + 50000^2}$$

$$p'_{2975} = 6.02 \times 10^5 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

$$v'_{2975} = \frac{p'_{2975}}{m_{2975}} = \frac{6.02 \times 10^5 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}}{2975 \text{ kg}}$$

$$v'_{2975} = 202 \text{ m/s}$$

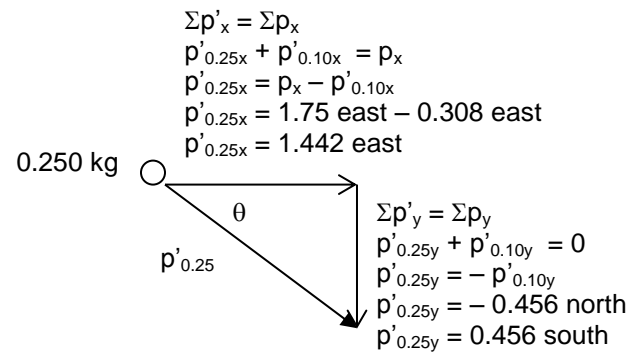
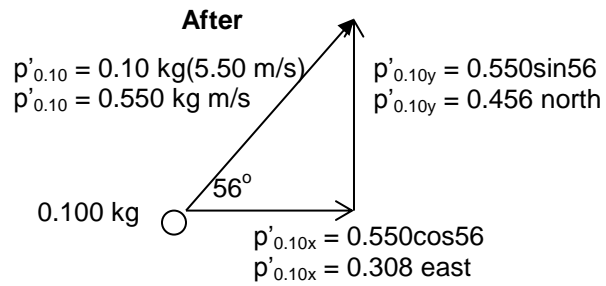
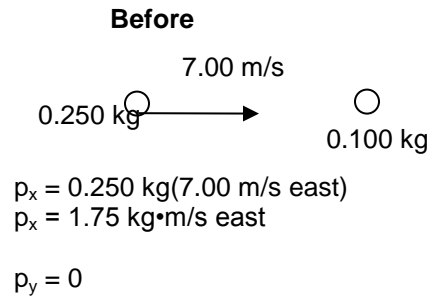
$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{50000}{6.0 \times 10^5}\right) = 4.76^\circ \text{ Sof E}$$

$$\vec{v}'_{2975} = 202 \text{ m/s @ } 4.76^\circ \text{ Sof E}$$

5)

**Component method**

/6



$$p'_{0.25} = \sqrt{1.442^2 + 0.456^2}$$

$$p'_{0.25} = 1.512 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}$$

$$v'_{0.25} = \frac{p'_{0.25}}{m_{0.25}} = \frac{1.512 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}}{0.250 \text{ kg}}$$

$$v'_{0.25} = 6.05 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{0.456}{1.442}\right) = 17.5^\circ \text{ S of E}$$

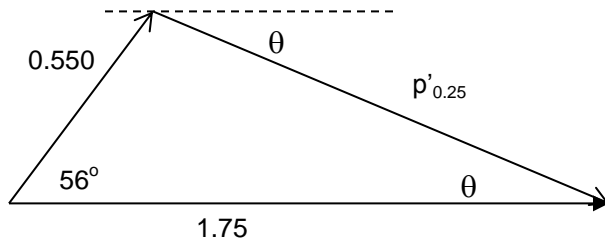
$$\vec{v}'_{0.25} = 6.05 \text{ m/s @ } 17.5^\circ \text{ S of E}$$

5) **Vector addition method**

/6  $\vec{p}_{0.25} = 0.250\text{kg}(7.0\text{m/s})$      $\vec{p}'_{0.10} = 0.100\text{kg}(5.50\text{m/s})$   
 $\vec{p}_{0.25} = 1.75\text{kgm/s east}$      $\vec{p}'_{0.10} = 0.550\text{kgm/s @ } 56.0^\circ \text{ N of E}$

$$\Sigma \vec{p} = \Sigma \vec{p}'$$

$$\vec{p}_{0.25} = \vec{p}'_{0.10} + \vec{p}'_{0.25}$$



$$p'_{0.25} = \sqrt{1.75^2 + 0.550^2 - 2(1.75)(0.550)(\cos 56)}$$

$$p'_{0.25} = 1.513\text{kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

$$v'_{0.25} = \frac{1.513\text{kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}{0.250\text{kg}}$$

$$v'_{0.25} = 6.05\text{m/s}$$

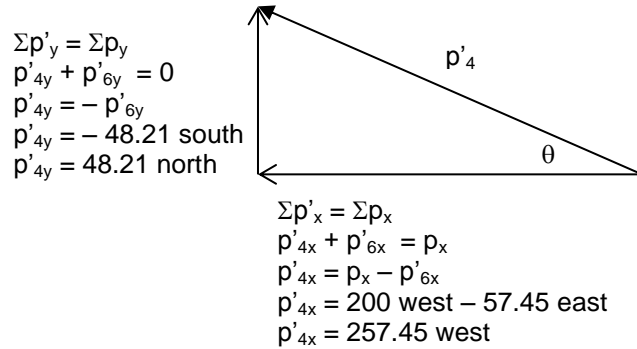
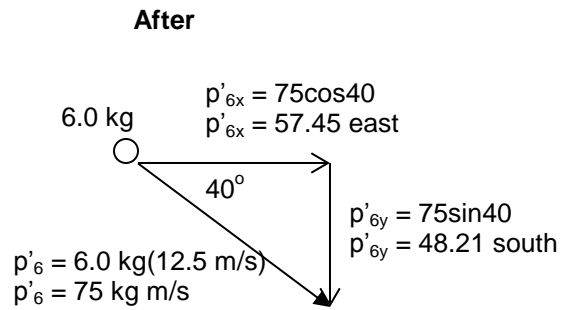
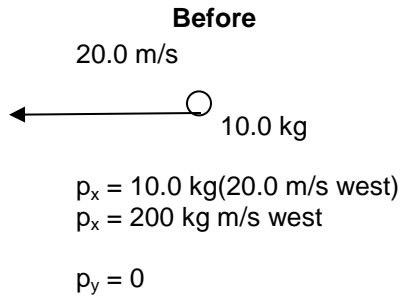
$$\frac{\sin \theta}{0.550} = \frac{\sin 56}{1.513}$$

$$\theta = 17.5^\circ$$

$$\vec{v}'_{0.25} = \mathbf{6.05\text{m/s @ } 17.5^\circ \text{ S of E}}$$

6) **Component method**

/6



$$p'_4 = \sqrt{48.21^2 + 257.45^2}$$

$$p'_4 = 261.9 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

$$v'_4 = \frac{p'_4}{m} = \frac{261.9 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}{4.0 \text{ kg}}$$

$$v'_4 = 65.5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{48.21}{257.45}\right) = 10.6^\circ \text{ N of W}$$

$$\vec{v}'_4 = 65.5 \text{ m/s @ } 10.6^\circ \text{ N of W}$$

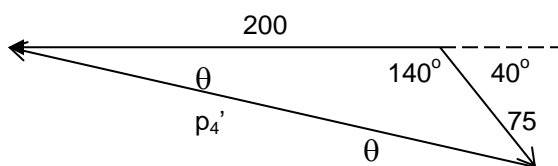
6) **Vector addition method**

$$\vec{p}_{10} = 10.0\text{kg}(20.0\text{m/s}) \quad \vec{p}'_6 = 6.0\text{kg}(12.5\text{m/s})$$

$$\vec{p}_{10} = 200\text{kgm/s west} \quad \vec{p}'_6 = 75\text{kgm/s @ } 40^\circ \text{ S of E}$$

$$\Sigma \vec{p} = \Sigma \vec{p}'$$

$$\vec{p}_{10} = \vec{p}'_6 = +\vec{p}'_4$$



$$p'_4 = \sqrt{200^2 + 75^2 - 2(200)(75)(\cos 140)}$$

$$p'_4 = 261.9\text{kgm/s}$$

$$v'_4 = \frac{261.9\text{kgm/s}}{4.0\text{kg}}$$

$$v'_4 = 65.5\text{m/s}$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{75} = \frac{\sin 140}{261.9}$$

$$\theta = 10.6^\circ$$

$$\vec{v}'_4 = \mathbf{65.5\text{m/s @ } 10.6^\circ \text{ N of W}}$$

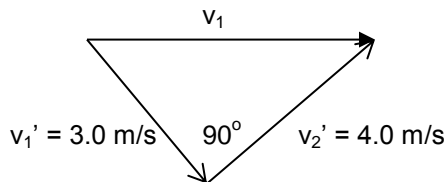
7) Since the balls have the same mass, we can ignore it and just use the velocities

/6

$$\Sigma \vec{p} = \Sigma \vec{p}'$$

$$\vec{p}_1 = \vec{p}'_1 + \vec{p}'_2$$

$$\vec{V}_1 = \vec{V}'_1 + \vec{V}'_2$$



$$v_1 = \sqrt{(3.0\text{m/s})^2 + (4.0\text{m/s})^2}$$

$$v_1 = \mathbf{5.0\text{m/s}}$$

8) **Vector addition method**

/6

$$\vec{p}_1 = 0.30\text{kg}(4.0\text{m/s})$$

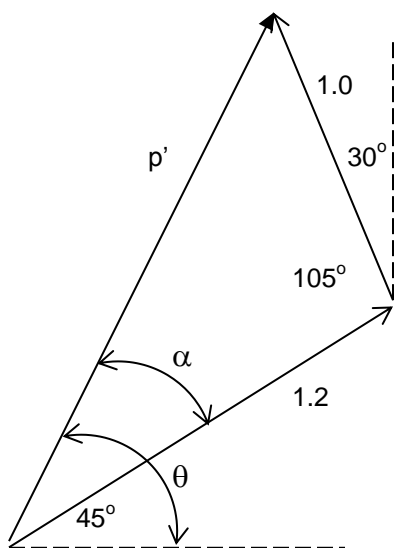
$$\vec{p}_2 = 0.20\text{kg}(5.0\text{m/s})$$

$$\vec{p}_1 = 1.20\text{kgm/s @ } 45^\circ \text{ N of E}$$

$$\vec{p}_2 = 1.00\text{kgm/s @ } 30^\circ \text{ W of N}$$

$$\Sigma \vec{p}' = \Sigma \vec{p}$$

$$\vec{p}' = \vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2$$



$$p' = \sqrt{1.0^2 + 1.2^2 - 2(1.0)(1.2)(\cos 105)}$$

$$p' = 1.75\text{kgm/s}$$

$$v' = \frac{1.75\text{kgm/s}}{0.50\text{kg}}$$

$$v' = 3.5\text{m/s}$$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{1.0} = \frac{\sin 105}{1.75}$$

$$\alpha = 33.5^\circ$$

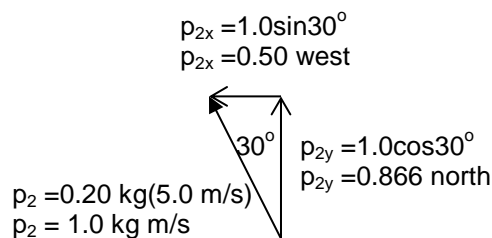
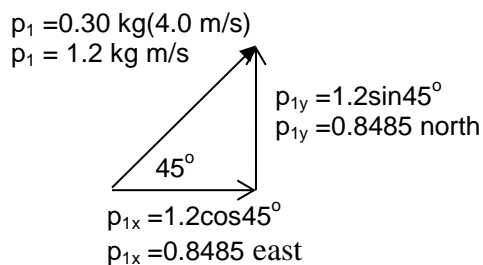
$$\theta = 33.5^\circ + 45^\circ$$

$$\theta = 78.5^\circ$$

$$\vec{V}' = \mathbf{3.5\text{m/s @ } 78.5^\circ \text{ N of E}}$$

8) **Component method**

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(x-direction)

$$\Sigma p_x' = \Sigma p_x$$

$$p_x' = p_{1x} + p_{2x}$$

$$p_x' = 0.8485 \text{ east} + 0.50 \text{ west}$$

$$p_x' = 0.3485 \text{ east}$$

(y-direction)

$$\Sigma p_y' = \Sigma p_y$$

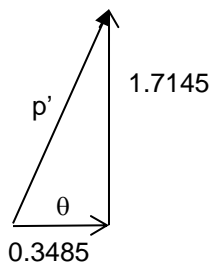
$$p_y' = p_{1y} + p_{2y}$$

$$p_y' = 0.8485 \text{ north} + 0.866 \text{ north}$$

$$p_y' = 1.7145 \text{ north}$$

$$\vec{p}' = \sqrt{1.7145^2 + 0.3485^2}$$

$$\vec{p}' = 1.75 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$



$$\vec{v}' = \frac{\vec{p}'}{m} = \frac{1.75 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}}{0.50 \text{ kg}}$$

$$\vec{v}' = 3.5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{1.7145}{0.3485} \right) = 78.5^\circ \text{ N of E}$$

$$\vec{v}' = 3.5 \text{ m/s @ } 78.5^\circ \text{ N of E}$$