

Math 10

Lesson 1–3 Answers

Lesson Questions

Question 1

$1^2 = 1$	$\sqrt{1} = 1$	$7^2 = 49$	$\sqrt{49} = 7$
$2^2 = 4$	$\sqrt{4} = 2$	$8^2 = 64$	$\sqrt{64} = 8$
$3^2 = 9$	$\sqrt{9} = 3$	$9^2 = 81$	$\sqrt{81} = 9$
$4^2 = 16$	$\sqrt{16} = 4$	$10^2 = 100$	$\sqrt{100} = 10$
$5^2 = 25$	$\sqrt{25} = 5$	$11^2 = 121$	$\sqrt{121} = 11$
$6^2 = 36$	$\sqrt{36} = 6$	$12^2 = 144$	$\sqrt{144} = 12$

Question 2

$$\begin{aligned}1296 &= 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \\ &= (2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3) \cdot (2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3) \\ &= 36 \cdot 36 \\ \sqrt{1296} &= 36\end{aligned}$$

Question 3

Write the first 10 perfect cubes and their cube roots.

$1^3 = 1$	$\sqrt[3]{1} = 1$	$6^3 = 216$	$\sqrt[3]{216} = 6$
$2^3 = 8$	$\sqrt[3]{8} = 2$	$7^3 = 343$	$\sqrt[3]{343} = 7$
$3^3 = 27$	$\sqrt[3]{27} = 3$	$8^3 = 512$	$\sqrt[3]{512} = 8$
$4^3 = 64$	$\sqrt[3]{64} = 4$	$9^3 = 729$	$\sqrt[3]{729} = 9$
$5^3 = 125$	$\sqrt[3]{125} = 5$	$10^3 = 1000$	$\sqrt[3]{1000} = 10$

Question 4

$$\begin{aligned}1728 &= 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \\ &= (2 \cdot 6) \cdot (2 \cdot 6) \cdot (2 \cdot 6) \\ &= 12 \cdot 12 \cdot 12 \\ \sqrt[3]{1728} &= 12\end{aligned}$$

Question 5

What are the index and radicand for each of the following:

$\sqrt[3]{4}$	$\sqrt[4]{3}$	$\sqrt{5}$
index = 3	index = 4	index = 2
radicand = 4	radicand = 3	radicand = 5

Question 6

(a) $9 \times 9 = 81$

$$\therefore \sqrt{81} = 9$$

(b) $7 \times 7 = 49$ and $8 \times 8 = 64$ try 7.2

$$7.2 \times 7.2 = 51.84$$

$$\therefore \sqrt{52} \cong 7.2$$

(c) $4 \times 4 \times 4 = 64$

$$\therefore \sqrt[3]{64} = 4$$

(d) $3^3 = 27$ and $4^3 = 64$ so try 3.7 and 3.8

$$3.7 \times 3.7 \times 3.7 = 50.653$$

$$3.8 \times 3.8 \times 3.8 = 54.872$$

$$\therefore \sqrt[3]{52} \cong 3.7$$

(e) $2^4 = 16$ and $3^4 = 81$ so try 2.7

$$2.7 \times 2.7 \times 2.7 \times 2.7 = 53.1441$$

$$\therefore \sqrt[4]{52} \cong 2.7$$

Assignment

1. a) $\sqrt{196} = 14$

d) $\sqrt{289} = 17$

2. a) $\sqrt[3]{343} = 7$

d) $\sqrt[3]{1331} = 11$

3. a) $225 = 3^2 \cdot 5^2 = (3 \cdot 5)^2$ Perfect square

b) $729 = 3^6 = (3^3)^2 = (3^2)^3$ Perfect square and perfect cube

c) $1944 = 2^3 \cdot 3^5$ Neither

d) $1444 = 2^2 \cdot 19^2 = (2 \cdot 19)^2$ Perfect square

e) $4096 = 2^{12} = (2^4)^3 = (2^6)^2$ Perfect square and perfect cube

f) $13824 = 2^9 \cdot 3^3 = (2^3 \cdot 3)^3$ Perfect cube

4. a) $\sqrt{484} = 22\text{mm}$

b) $\sqrt{1764} = 42\text{yd.}$

5. a) $\sqrt[3]{5832} = 18\text{in.}$

b) $\sqrt[3]{15625} = 25\text{ft.}$

6. Find edge length first

$$x = \sqrt[3]{64} = 4$$

$$\text{Surface area (SA)} = 6 \cdot x^2 = 6 \cdot 4^2 = 96 \text{ ft.}^2$$



7. $SA = 6 \cdot x^2$

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{SA}{6}} = \sqrt{\frac{6534}{6}} = 33$$

$$V = x^3 = 33^3 = 35937 \text{ ft.}^3$$

8. $x = \sqrt[3]{2000} = 12.6$

No; 2000 is not a perfect cube.

9. The first 5 are: 1, 64, 729, 4096, 15625

10. $V = l \cdot w \cdot h$

$$V = x^2 \cdot h$$

$$1440 = x^2 \cdot 10$$

$$144 = x^2$$

$$x = \sqrt{144}$$

$$x = 12$$

11. $V = SA$

$$x^3 = 6x^2$$

$$\frac{x^3}{x^2} = 6$$

$$x = 6$$

edgelenlength = 6units

12. a) $\sqrt{121x^4y^2} = 11x^2y$

b) $\sqrt[3]{64x^6y^3} = 4x^2y$

13. Through trial and error: $1^3 + 12^3, 9^3 + 10^3$

14. Find edge length first

$$x = \sqrt[3]{2197} = 13 \text{ m}$$

$$SA = 6 \cdot x^2 = 6 \cdot 13^2 = 1014 \text{ m}^3$$

$$1014 \div 40 = 25.35$$

26 cans of paint are required

