

Math 10

Lesson 1–1 Answers

Lesson Questions

Question 1

1 x 36

2 x 18

3 x 12

4 x 9

6 x 6

Factors of 36 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 12, 18, 36

Question 2

1 row of 260

2 rows of 130

4 rows of 65

13 rows of 20

20 rows of 13

65 rows of 4

103 rows of 2

260 rows of 1

There are 8 different ways to arrange 260 chairs

Question 3

The only factors of 17 are 1 and 17 (17 is a prime number).

Question 4

Identify all of the prime numbers between 2 and 20.

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

Question 5

The factors of 18 are 1, 2, 3, 6, 9 and 18.

Question 6

After 10, the next three composite numbers that are odd are 15, 21 and 25. (Any number that is not a prime number is a composite number.)

Question 7

There are 5 teaching days per week.

$$\frac{87}{5} = 16.4 \text{ rounded to 17 since the last two days are in week 17}$$

The fund would contain 17 loonies ... it's a start!!

Question 8

13, 26, 39, 52, 65, 78



Assignment

1. List the first 6 multiples of each number.

- a) 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30
- b) 11, 22, 33, 44, 55, 66
- c) 18, 36, 54, 72, 90, 108
- d) 25, 50, 75, 100, 125, 150

2. Determine the first 3 common multiples of each pair of numbers.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| a) 2 and 5 | b) 3 and 9 | c) 7 and 3 | d) 8 and 10 |
| 10, 20, 30 | 9, 18, 27 | 21, 42, 63 | 40, 80, 120 |

3. Determine the factors of each number. List the factors that are prime numbers.

- | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| a) 15 | b) 20 | c) 24 |
| 1, 3, 5, 15 | 1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24 |
| primes 3, 5 | primes 2, 5 | primes 2, 3 |
| d) 45 | e) 60 | f) 100 |
| 1, 3, 5, 9, 15, 45 | 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 10, 12, 15, 20, 60 | 1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20, 25, 50, 100 |
| primes 3, 5 | primes 2, 5 | primes 2, 5 |

4. Determine the common factors of each pair of numbers.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| a) 16 and 24 | b) 15 and 45 | c) 18 and 42 | d) 20 and 30 |
| 2, 4, 8 | 3, 5, 15 | 2, 3, 6 | 2, 5, 10 |

5. Which of the numbers from 2 to 130 are prime numbers?

We can use the table on the next page. Watch the video clip on youtube at <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9m2cdWorlq8> . The Greek mathematician Eratosthanes invented this technique and it is called the Sieve of Eratosthanes.

The primes between 2 and 130 are 2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31
37 41 43 47 53 59 61 67 71 73 79 83 89 97 101 103 107
109 113 127

	2	3		5		7			
11		13				17		19	
		23						29	
31						37			
41		43				47			
		53						59	
61						67			
71		73						79	
		83						89	
						97			
101		103				107		109	
		113							
						127			

