Chemistry 20

Lesson 29 – Titration Activity

Problem:

Determine the concentration of a hydrochloric acid solution by titration using a strong base.

Materials:

hydrochloric acid (10.0 mL/trial)

2 buret tubes - clean
0.10 mol/L sodium hydroxide solution
phenolphthalein (2 drops/trial)

Erlenmeyer flask

beakers

tubes - clean
buret clamp
buret brush
retort stand
funnel
white paper

Prelab work:

1. <u>Background Information</u>:

Define the following terms in your own words:

titrant endpoint equivalence point

2. Experimental design -

- a) manipulated variable
- b) responding variable

Lab work:

- 1. Procedure read pages 328 to 338 and page 804.
 - After the instructor demonstrates doing a titration, write a point form procedure *in your own words*.
- 2. <u>Observations</u> data chart (rough + 3 trials)
- 3. Analysis.

The main assumptions are:

- 1. The reaction was complete.
- 2. The endpoint occurred at equivalence point.
- 3. The chemicals were uncontaminated.

Briefly discuss the significance of each assumption.

- 4. Conclusion:
 - A. Show your calculation for the concentration of hydrochloric acid.
 - B. Answer questions 1 to 7 on page 339 of the text.

One write-up per person.

